

# Scikit-Learn Cheat Sheet

Scikit-learn is a free software machine learning library for the Python programming language.

## Methods for data preprocessing

```
#Standardization  
pp = preprocessing.StandardScaler()
```

```
#Normalization  
pp = preprocessing.Normalizer()
```

```
# Binarization  
pp = preprocessing.Binarizer(threshold=0.0)
```

```
# Encoding Categorical Features  
pp = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
```

```
# Imputing Missing Values  
pp = preprocessing.Imputer(missing_values=0, strategy='mean', axis=0)
```

```
#Generating Polynomial Features  
pp = PolynomialFeatures(5)
```

## Data Preparation

```
import sklearn.preprocessing as preprocessing  
pp = preprocessing.MinMaxScaler()  
pp.fit(X)  
X_preprocessed = pp.transform(X)
```



## Pipeline

```
steps = [{"featureunion": fus},  
         {"another_pca": PCA(n_components=15)},  
         {"lr": LinearRegression()}]  
pipeline = Pipeline(steps)  
pipeline.fit(X, y)
```



## Train-Test data

```
import numpy as np  
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split  
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y)
```



## Supervised Metrics

```
from sklearn.metrics import metrics  
  
# Classification Metrics  
# Accuracy Score  
score = knn.score(X_test, y_test)  
cm = metrics.confusion_matrix(test_y, pred_y)  
metrics.plot_confusion_matrix(lr, test_x, test_y)  
  
# Classification Report  
print(metrics.classification_report(y_test, y_pred))  
# Confusion Matrix  
print(metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))  
# F1 score  
f1 = metrics.f1_score(test_y, pred_y)  
  
# Regression Metrics  
# Mean Absolute Error  
y_true = [3, -0.5, 2]  
mae = metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_true, y_pred)  
  
# Mean Squared Error  
mse = metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)  
  
# R2 Score  
r2 = metrics.r2_score(y_true, y_pred)
```

## Model Performance Evaluation



## Unsupervised Metrics

```
from sklearn.metrics import metrics  
  
# Clustering Metrics  
# Adjusted Rand Index  
metrics.adjusted_rand_score(y_true, y_pred)  
  
# Homogeneity  
metrics.homogeneity_score(y_true, y_pred)  
  
# V-measure  
metrics.v_measure_score(y_true, y_pred)  
  
# Cross-Validation  
from sklearn.cross_validation import cross_val_score  
print(cross_val_score(knn, X_train, y_train, cv=4))  
print(cross_val_score(lr, X, y, cv=2))
```

## Model Tuning



## Grid Search and Cross Validation

```
from sklearn.grid_search import GridSearchCV  
params = {"n_neighbors": np.arange(1,3), "metric": ["euclidean", "cityblock"]}  
grid = GridSearchCV(estimator=knn, param_grid=params)  
grid.fit(X_train, y_train)  
print(grid.best_score_ )  
print(grid.best_estimator_.n_neighbors)
```

## Randomized Search and Cross Validation

```
from sklearn.grid_search import RandomizedSearchCV  
params = {"n_neighbors": range(1,5), "weights": ["uniform", "distance"]}  
rsearch = RandomizedSearchCV(estimator=knn, param_distributions=params, cv=4, n_iter=8, random_state=5)  
rsearch.fit(X_train, y_train)  
print(rsearch.best_score_ )
```

## Supervised Models



### Linear Regression

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression  
mod = LinearRegression(normalize=True)
```

### Support Vector Machines (SVM)

```
from sklearn.svm import SVC  
mod = SVC(kernel='linear')
```

### Naive Bayes

```
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB  
mod = GaussianNB()
```

### KNN - Classifier

```
from sklearn import neighbors  
mod = neighbors.KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=6)
```

### KNN – Regressor

```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor  
mod = KNeighborsRegressor()
```

### Decision Tree Classifier

```
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier  
mod = DecisionTreeClassifier()
```

### Random forest

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier  
mod = RandomForestClassifier()
```

### Logistic regression

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression  
mod = LogisticRegression()
```

### Neural networks

```
from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier  
mod = MLPClassifier(hidden_layer_sizes=(10, 10, 10), max_iter=1000)
```

## Model Fitting

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression  
mod = LinearRegression()  
mod.fit(X, y)  
pred_y = mod.predict(X_test)
```

## Unsupervised Models

```
# Principal Component Analysis (PCA)  
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA  
mod = PCA(n_components=0.95)
```

```
# K Means  
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans  
mod = KMeans(n_clusters=3, random_state=0)
```



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